



**19-26 March 2015**

Rapid escalation in conflict. On 19 March, suicide bombings target two mosques in Sana'a, killing nearly 150 people and injuring 350 people. Houthi/Saleh forces advance south towards Taizz, Lahj and Aden. On 26 March, a Saudi-led military coalition begins air strikes on Houthi-affiliated targets. Fighting and air strikes escalate quickly across the country.

**12 May 2015**

Five-day humanitarian pause begins. Frequent violations are reported.

**1 Jul 2015**

UN designates Yemen a "level-three" emergency – the highest level.

**Mid-Jul to mid-Aug 2015**

Front lines in the conflict shift significantly. Coalition-supported forces take control of Aden in late July and expand to much of southern Yemen by mid-August. Major clashes, backed by air strikes, erupt in Taizz, and the city comes under siege.

**18 Aug 2015**

Air strikes hit Hudaydah port, destroying critical infrastructure at Yemen's largest port. Before the crisis, Hudaydah port handled the majority of Yemen's imports – essential to the flow of food, medicine and fuel into the country.

**Late Sep to early Oct 2015**

Apparent air strikes hit two wedding parties, killing more than 150 people. The first attack occurred on 28 September in Taizz and killed more than 130 people. The second hit Dhamar, killing at least 23.



**10 Apr 2016**

A renewed cessation of hostilities comes into force. After several delays, UN-sponsored peace talks begin in Kuwait on 21 April.

**Early Jan 2016**

Formal ceasefire ends as peace talks conclude without result. Clashes and air strikes escalate across the country.

**15 Dec 2015**

Ceasefire comes into force as parties begin UN-sponsored peace talks in Switzerland. Frequent ceasefire violations are reported.

**November 2015**

Two consecutive cyclones batter the southern coast and Socotra island, killing at least ten and causing widespread flooding. Cyclones making landfall in Yemen is fairly rare – two in rapid succession is nearly unprecedented.

**6 Oct 2015**

Islamic State claims responsibility for attacks targeting Coalition and Government of Yemen officials at the Qasr Hotel in Aden and worshippers at mosque in Sana'a. At least 22 people were killed in the attacks.

**May & Aug 2016**

Heavy rains in May and August cause flooding in seven governorates. Partners estimate that 70 people are killed in the floods, with more than 35,000 needing assistance.



**Aug 2016**

Saudi-Led coalition and GoY closed Sana'a International Airport. Peace talks in Kuwait adjourn without agreement on 6 August. Clashes and air strikes intensify immediately afterwards. Air strikes in August hit a crowded market in Sana'a, a school in Sa'ada and an MSF-supported hospital in Hajjah. Islamic State militants kill at least 60 people in a suicide attack in Aden.

**11 Sep 2016**

An air strike hits a drilling rig constructing a water well in Sana'a. Follow-up strikes hit first responders arriving on the scene.

**4 Oct 2016**

A rocket attack hits a civilian area of Taizz, killing 10 people – mostly children. Indiscriminate shelling into populated civilian areas of Taizz by Houthi-affiliated forces has occurred consistently since August 2015.

**6 Oct 2016**

The Ministry of Health announces a cholera outbreak. As of 25 October, 51 cases had been confirmed in nine governorates, and 1,148 suspected cases were being investigated.

**8 Oct 2016**

Saudi-led coalition plane hits funeral. At least 140 people are killed, most of them civilians, and more than 500 injured.

**24 Oct 2016**

The UN Special Envoy of the Secretary-General delivers a proposed road map to parties to the conflict.



**27 April 2017**

Second wave of cholera outbreak in Yemen in 21 governorates

**25 April 2017**

High-level Pledging Event for the Humanitarian Crisis in Yemen – Geneva. Donors pledged \$1.1 billion

**1 March 2017**

The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) Report released: 17 million people, which is equivalent to 60% of the total Yemeni population, are food insecure and require urgent humanitarian assistance.

**January 2017**

Conflict intensifies in Al Mukha along the western coast leading to significant displacement.

**Early January 2017**

A US raid kills several suspected Al-Qaeda militants and civilians in America's first military action in Yemen under President Donald Trump



**11 May 2017**

Aden's former governor announced the creation of a 26-member Southern Transitional Council (STC)

**14 May 2017**

The government of Yemen GOY declared cholera as a national emergency.

**17 August 2017**

The World Health Organization reports half a million cholera cases in 2017 in Yemen.

**August 2017**

CBY floated the national currency, official exchange rate jumps from 250 to 350 Rial to the US Dollar

**November 2017**

After a missile is fired towards Riyadh, the SLC closes all Yemeni air, land and sea ports. After concerted advocacy, the blockade is eased to allow humanitarian supplies to enter Red Sea ports.